

117TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. _____

To amend the Endangered Species Act of 1973 to permit Governors of States to regulate intrastate endangered species and intrastate threatened species, to amend the Migratory Bird Treaty Act to permit the taking of certain black vultures and ravens, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. PAUL introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To amend the Endangered Species Act of 1973 to permit Governors of States to regulate intrastate endangered species and intrastate threatened species, to amend the Migratory Bird Treaty Act to permit the taking of certain black vultures and ravens, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Endangered Species
5 Management Self-Determination Act”.

1 **SEC. 2. DEFINITION OF ESA.**

2 In this Act, the term “ESA” means the Endangered
3 Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).

4 **SEC. 3. FINDINGS.**

5 Congress finds that—

6 (1) the ESA was passed in 1973 as a means of
7 protecting and recovering species and has not been
8 substantially revised in over 25 years;

9 (2) the ESA has not achieved its stated goal of
10 recovering threatened species or endangered species;

11 (3) of the species listed in accordance with the
12 ESA, less than 1 percent of the total number of spe-
13 cies in the United States have been recovered and
14 removed from the list, largely due to data errors or
15 other factors;

16 (4) there is—

17 (A) no comprehensive independent study of
18 the costs or benefits of the ESA;

19 (B) no full accounting of how much the
20 Federal Government and State and local gov-
21 ernments spend to implement, enforce, and
22 comply with the ESA; and

23 (C) no meaningful effort to account for the
24 costs the ESA imposes on the private sector;

1 (5) the ESA effectively penalizes landowners for
2 owning endangered species habitat by forcing them
3 to bear the cost of conservation;

4 (6) the regulatory listing process under the
5 ESA has become a tool for environmentalists to un-
6 dermine, slow down, or halt construction of infra-
7 structure projects, hampering economic growth and
8 employment; and

9 (7) litigation stemming from the ESA and some
10 resulting settlements between the litigants and the
11 Federal Government have made the ESA even more
12 unworkable, to the detriment of species.

13 **SEC. 4. AMENDMENTS TO THE ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT**
14 **OF 1973.**

15 (a) DETERMINATIONS OF ENDANGERED SPECIES
16 AND THREATENED SPECIES.—Section 4 of the Endan-
17 gered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1533) is amended—

18 (1) in subsection (a)—

19 (A) in paragraph (1), by inserting “, with
20 the consent of the Governor of each State in
21 which the endangered species or threatened spe-
22 cies is present,” after “The Secretary”; and

23 (B) in paragraph (2)(A)(ii), by inserting “,
24 with the consent of the Governor of each State

1 in which the endangered species or threatened
2 species is present,” after “, who”;

3 (2) in subsection (b)—

4 (A) by striking paragraph (3);

5 (B) by redesignating paragraphs (4)
6 through (8) as paragraphs (3) through (7), re-
7 spectively;

8 (C) in paragraph (3) (as so redesignated),
9 by striking “paragraphs (5) and (6) of this sub-
10 section” and inserting “paragraphs (4) and
11 (5)”;

12 (D) in paragraph (5)(A) (as so redesign-
13 ated), by striking “paragraph (5)(A)(i)” and
14 inserting “paragraph (4)(A)(i)”;

15 (E) in paragraph (6) (as so redesignated),
16 by striking “paragraph (4), (5), or (6) of this
17 subsection” and inserting “paragraph (3), (4),
18 or (5)”;

19 (F) by adding at the end the following:

20 “(8) DEFINITION OF BEST SCIENTIFIC AND
21 COMMERCIAL DATA.—In this subsection, the term
22 ‘best scientific and commercial data’ includes any
23 scientific evidence made available to the Secretary by
24 any State agency.”;

1 (3) by striking subsection (c) and inserting the
2 following:

3 “(c) LISTS.—

4 “(1) DEFINITION OF JOINT RESOLUTION.—In
5 this subsection, the term ‘joint resolution’ means
6 only a joint resolution the matter after the resolving
7 clause of which is as follows: ‘That Congress ap-
8 proves the lists relating to endangered species and
9 threatened species submitted by the Secretary of the
10 Interior on _____.’ (the blank space being
11 appropriately filled in).

12 “(2) LISTS SUBMITTED TO CONGRESS.—The
13 Secretary of the Interior shall submit to Congress—

14 “(A) a list of all species determined by the
15 Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary of
16 Commerce to be endangered species; and

17 “(B) a list of all species determined by the
18 Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary of
19 Commerce to be threatened species.

20 “(3) CONGRESSIONAL APPROVAL.—The lists de-
21 scribed in paragraph (2) shall not take effect until
22 a joint resolution described in paragraph (1) is en-
23 acted.

24 “(4) CONTENTS OF LISTS.—Each list described
25 in paragraph (2) shall—

1 “(A) refer to the species included on the
2 list by any scientific and common name; and

3 “(B) specify—

4 “(i) with respect to the species over
5 what portion of the range of the species
6 that the species is endangered or threat-
7 ened; and

8 “(ii) any critical habitat within the
9 range.

10 “(5) PUBLICATION.—The Secretary of the Inte-
11 rior shall publish in the Federal Register each list
12 approved in accordance with paragraph (3).

13 “(6) AUTOMATIC REMOVAL.—

14 “(A) IN GENERAL.—On the date that is 5
15 years after the date on which a joint resolution
16 is enacted in accordance with this subsection,
17 each species listed on a list approved by the
18 joint resolution shall be removed from the list.

19 “(B) PETITION FOR RELISTING.—

20 “(i) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of
21 the Interior, in consultation with the Gov-
22 ernor of each State in which the endan-
23 gered species or threatened species is
24 present, may submit to Congress a list

1 that includes any species that was removed
2 under subparagraph (A).

3 “(ii) CONGRESSIONAL APPROVAL.—
4 The list described in clause (i) shall not
5 take effect until a joint resolution de-
6 scribed in paragraph (1) is enacted.”;

7 (4) in subsection (d)—

8 (A) in the first sentence, by striking
9 “Whenever any species” and inserting “Except
10 as provided in subsection (j), whenever any spe-
11 cies”; and

12 (B) in the second sentence, by striking
13 “The Secretary may” and inserting “Except as
14 provided in subsection (j), the Secretary may”;

15 (5) in subsection (f)(1), by striking “The Sec-
16 retary shall” and inserting “Except as provided in
17 subsection (j), the Secretary shall”;

18 (6) in subsection (g)—

19 (A) in paragraph (1), by striking “The
20 Secretary shall” and inserting “Except as pro-
21 vided in subsection (j), the Secretary shall”;
22 and

23 (B) in paragraph (2), by striking “para-
24 graph 7 of subsection (b) of this section” and
25 inserting “subsection (b)(6)”;

1 (7) in subsection (h)—

2 (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
3 by striking “The Secretary shall” and inserting
4 “Except as provided in subsection (j), the Sec-
5 retary shall”;

6 (B) by striking paragraphs (1) and (2);
7 and

8 (C) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and
9 (4) as paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively;
10 (8) in subsection (i)—

11 (A) by striking “subsection (b)(5)(A)(ii) of
12 this section” and inserting “subsection
13 (b)(4)(A)(ii)”;

14 (B) by striking “or if the Secretary fails to
15 adopt a regulation pursuant to an action peti-
16 tioned by a State agency under subsection
17 (b)(3),”; and

18 (C) by striking “or petition”; and

19 (9) by adding at the end the following:

20 “(j) INTRASTATE ENDANGERED SPECIES OR
21 THREATENED SPECIES.—

22 “(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

23 “(A) GOVERNOR OF A STATE.—The term
24 ‘Governor of a State’ means the Governor of a

1 State in which an intrastate endangered species
2 or intrastate threatened species is present.

3 “(B) INTRASTATE ENDANGERED SPE-
4 CIES.—The term ‘intrastate endangered species’
5 means an endangered species that the Governor
6 of a State determines is present only within the
7 State.

8 “(C) INTRASTATE THREATENED SPE-
9 CIES.—The term ‘intrastate threatened species’
10 means a threatened species that the Governor
11 of a State determines is present only within the
12 State.

13 “(2) CURRENTLY LISTED SPECIES.—

14 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The Governor of a
15 State may regulate any intrastate endangered
16 species or any intrastate threatened species list-
17 ed under this section that is listed before the
18 date of enactment of this subsection.

19 “(B) AUTHORITY OF GOVERNOR.—If the
20 Governor of a State elects to regulate an intra-
21 state endangered species or an intrastate
22 threatened species under subparagraph (A), the
23 Governor of the State shall, with respect to the
24 management of the intrastate endangered spe-
25 cies or intrastate threatened species on any

1 land within the State, have the exclusive au-
2 thority to, in accordance with the purposes and
3 policy of this Act—

4 “(i) promulgate or enforce any regula-
5 tion or guidance;

6 “(ii) designate a critical habitat;

7 “(iii) issue a permit or license;

8 “(iv) develop or implement a recovery
9 plan; and

10 “(v) establish any goal with respect to
11 the recovery plan.

12 “(C) APPLICABLE LAW.—The management
13 described in subparagraph (B) shall be subject
14 to the law of the State in which the land, in-
15 cluding public lands (as defined in section 103
16 of the Federal Land Policy and Management
17 Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1702)), is located.

18 “(3) NEWLY LISTED SPECIES.—

19 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The Governor of a
20 State may, before the Secretary or any other
21 person, regulate any intrastate endangered spe-
22 cies or any intrastate threatened species listed
23 under this section that is listed on or after the
24 date of enactment of this subsection.

1 “(B) APPLICABILITY.—If the Governor of
2 a State elects to regulate an intrastate endan-
3 gered species or an intrastate threatened spe-
4 cies under subparagraph (A), subparagraphs
5 (B) and (C) of paragraph (2) shall apply.

6 “(C) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—Any action by
7 the Governor of a State under this subsection
8 shall not be subject to judicial review in any
9 court of the United States or in any State
10 court.”.

11 (b) COST ACCOUNTING.—The Endangered Species
12 Act of 1973 is amended by inserting after section 12 (16
13 U.S.C. 1541) the following:

14 **“SEC. 12A. COST ACCOUNTING REPORT.**

15 “(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

16 “(1) DIRECT COSTS.—The term ‘direct costs’
17 includes—

18 “(A) Federal agency obligations related to
19 the cost of any study;

20 “(B) capital, operation, maintenance, and
21 replacement costs; and

22 “(C) staffing costs.

23 “(2) INDIRECT COSTS.—The term ‘indirect
24 costs’ includes foregone power generation costs and

1 replacement power costs, including the net costs of
2 any transmission of power.

3 “(b) COST OF COMPLIANCE.—

4 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Except with respect to
5 intrastate endangered species or intrastate threat-
6 ened species regulated by a Governor of a State
7 under section 4(j), the Administrator of the Bonne-
8 ville Power Administration, the Administrator of the
9 Southeastern Power Administration, the Adminis-
10 trator of the Southwestern Power Administration,
11 and the Administrator of the Western Area Power
12 Administration shall each include in a monthly bill-
13 ing statement submitted to each customer of the re-
14 spective Administration the share of the direct and
15 indirect costs to the customer incurred by the Ad-
16 ministration related to complying with this Act.

17 “(2) ASSISTANCE IN IDENTIFYING COSTS.—The
18 Director of the Bureau of Reclamation shall assist
19 the administrators described in paragraph (1) with
20 identifying the costs described in that paragraph.

21 “(c) REPORT.—Not later than January 30 of each
22 year, each of the administrators described in subsection
23 (b)(1), in coordination with the Director of the Bureau
24 of Reclamation, shall submit to the Committee on Envi-
25 ronment and Public Works of the Senate and the Com-

1 mittee on Natural Resources of the House of Representa-
2 tives a report estimating the costs described in subsection
3 (b)(1)—

4 “(1) with respect to the Western Area Power
5 Administration, on a project-by-project basis; and

6 “(2) with respect to each of the Administrations
7 described in subsection (b)(1) (except the Western
8 Power Administration), on a systemwide basis.

9 **“SEC. 12B. PROPERTY RIGHTS.**

10 “(a) DETERMINATION OF PROPOSED USE OF REAL
11 PROPERTY.—

12 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Any owner or lessee of any
13 real property may submit to the Secretary of the In-
14 terior an application that includes any proposed use
15 of the real property.

16 “(2) DETERMINATION.—

17 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90
18 days after the date on which the application de-
19 scribed in paragraph (1) is submitted, the Sec-
20 retary of the Interior shall submit to the owner
21 or lessee in writing a determination as to
22 whether the proposed use will violate any provi-
23 sion of this Act.

24 “(B) FAILURE TO RESPOND.—If the Sec-
25 retary of the Interior fails to respond before the

1 expiration of the 90-day period described in
2 subparagraph (A), the proposed use shall be
3 considered to not violate any provision of this
4 Act.

5 “(3) EFFECT OF DETERMINATIONS.—

6 “(A) AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE.—It is an af-
7 firmative defense to any civil penalty assessed
8 under section 11 or to any civil action, civil
9 suit, or prosecution brought under that section
10 that the owner or lessee of real property reason-
11 ably relied on a determination, including a de-
12 termination that resulted under paragraph
13 (2)(B), that a proposed use will not violate any
14 provision of this Act.

15 “(B) COMPENSATION FOR UNFAVORABLE
16 DETERMINATIONS.—If the Secretary of the In-
17 terior determines that a proposed use will vio-
18 late a provision of this Act, the owner or lessee
19 of the real property may seek compensation in
20 accordance with subsection (b).

21 “(b) COMPENSATION FOR AGENCY ACTIONS.—

22 “(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

23 “(A) AGENCY ACTION.—

24 “(i) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘agency
25 action’ means any action taken by the Di-

1 rector of the United States Fish and Wild-
2 life Service in accordance with this Act
3 that diminishes the fair market value of
4 any real property by not less than 50 per-
5 cent with respect to the intended use of the
6 real property.

7 “(ii) EXCLUSION.—The term ‘agency
8 action’ does not include any action taken
9 with respect to intrastate endangered spe-
10 cies or intrastate threatened species regu-
11 lated by a Governor of a State under sec-
12 tion 4(j).

13 “(B) LESSEE.—The term ‘lessee’ means a
14 lessee of any real property affected by an agen-
15 cy action.

16 “(C) OWNER.—The term ‘owner’ means an
17 owner of any real property affected by an agen-
18 cy action.

19 “(2) COMPENSATION.—Except as provided in
20 paragraph (3)(B), not later than 180 days after the
21 date on which an agency action takes place, the Sec-
22 retary shall pay an owner or lessee an amount equal
23 to 150 percent of the fair market value of the real
24 property determined in accordance with paragraph
25 (3).

1 “(3) DETERMINATION OF FAIR MARKET
2 VALUE.—

3 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The fair market value
4 described in paragraph (2) shall be determined
5 by 2 licensed independent appraisers of whom—

6 “(i) one shall be chosen by the Sec-
7 retary; and

8 “(ii) one shall be chosen by the owner
9 or lessee.

10 “(B) FAILURE TO AGREE ON FAIR MARKET
11 VALUE.—

12 “(i) IN GENERAL.—If the appraisers
13 chosen under subparagraph (A) fail to
14 agree on the same fair market value, the
15 Secretary and the owner shall jointly select
16 an additional licensed independent ap-
17 praiser to determine the fair market value.

18 “(ii) EXTENSION OF TIME TO MAKE
19 DETERMINATION.—The licensed indepen-
20 dent appraiser described in clause (i) shall
21 determine the fair market value not later
22 than 270 days after the date on which the
23 agency action takes place.

24 “(C) COSTS.—The Secretary shall be re-
25 sponsible for all costs relating to the determina-

1 tion of fair market value made under this para-
2 graph.”.

3 (c) PENALTIES AND ENFORCEMENT.—Section
4 11(g)(4) of the Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C.
5 1540(g)(4)) is amended by striking “attorney and”.

6 (d) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 6(d)(1) of
7 the Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C. 1535(d)(1)) is
8 amended by striking “the status of candidate species pur-
9 suant to subparagraph (C) of section 4(b)(3) and”.

10 **SEC. 5. AMENDMENT TO THE MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY**
11 **ACT.**

12 Section 2 of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (16
13 U.S.C. 703) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
14 lowing:

15 “(c) EXCEPTION FOR BLACK VULTURES.—Sub-
16 section (a) shall not apply to any black vulture (*Coragyps*
17 *atratus*) that an individual reasonably believes to be en-
18 dangering any real or personal property, including—

19 “(1) livestock;

20 “(2) a vehicle; and

21 “(3) a building.

22 “(d) EXCEPTION FOR RAVENS.—Subsection (a) shall
23 not apply to any action relating to the population control
24 of the raven (*Corvus corax*) in any area in which predation
25 by a raven poses a risk, as determined by the applicable

1 State wildlife management agency, to an effort to recover
2 a member of a species that is—

3 “(1) listed by the Secretary of the Interior as
4 an endangered species or a threatened species under
5 section 4 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16
6 U.S.C. 1533); or

7 “(2) a candidate for listing as an endangered
8 species or a threatened species under section 4 of
9 the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C.
10 1533).”.